

RAILWAY FRANCHISES.

...ured before Justice Stantor for
...nt upon the charge of having
...to kill A. W. Hall of San Fer-
...he 8th inst. He was ordered to
...trial on September 10 next, bail
...iured meanwhile in the sum of

OLD HORSE-THIEVES.

ang in the Mountains Back of Santa Monica.

re more horse-thieves in this city y at present than there have been past, and they are doing a flourish in spite of the efforts of the

The mee
tees was of
ing. Befo
the Town

...weeks past the sharpest detective Sheriff's office have been scouring the country trying to locate the robbers, but they have failed, although on several occasions they have been within a few hundred yards of the band. They have their camp somewhere in the mountains of the state.

to be their duty to protect thieves and they go so far as to pass pardons in the guise of woodchoppers, their stand on high points and turning as soon as an officer puts a variance.

As this thing is kept up the bold-forse-thieves that ever operated in California will escape arrest, and the law will be a mockery.

hills are becoming so bold that ventured in the city and more horse has been driven off during a few weeks, and if something is very soon no animal will be safe is kept under lock and key.

DUNG DESPERADO.

Boy, but Nevertheless He
Held Up Stages and
Got Away with the
Money.

mannered, boyish-looking young sort of second edition of "Billy" one of the toughest youngsters operated in Arizona, is meditating crookedness of his ways in the jail, where he was placed yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal

ates malia. The boy is only about 15 years of age, and his name, he says, is H. J. He has light gray eyes, and a light moustache, and would pass for the most harmless youngsters in the Territory, as he has a kindly face and only weighs about 130 pounds.

ly held up over a dozen stages, Col. H. gathered in much money en route Mr. M. -Fargo's express. whole of three years ago he was captured and then read for getting away with one of ator Jone Fargo's strong boxes, and was sen- way, and- a term of years at the Yuma Col. H. out his child-like conduct attracted company tion of several prominent citizens, town ex Governor was induced to par- under) O

tempt was made to reform him, and a very bright boy it was believed could be made a useful member of but his old desire for a life of expatriation returned with double force, and he was on the road once more. Some months he was not heard of, or his work was not recognized, but he made himself known. This time he induced a cousin of about the same

and it was believed that they never captured, but on the list of last "Kid" held up a mail rider near and at the point of a Winchester he carrier, whose name is Miller, up his hands and remain in that position he was disarmed. The young man then went through the mail and rode off.

SOLID FOR SHORE.

Chicago special to the San Francisco
er of Monday says:
y times are ahead when the 'national
sion of the World's Fair convenes
ago a week from Tuesday. Director-
l Davis will present his report to the
sion, showing what has been accom-
by the departments under his direc-

actually nothing has been done in the department of horticulture and liberal arts. When the commissioners ask what caused the delay they will be told that the directors have rejected three men in succession who were nominated for chief of horticulture, and the fourth nomination, J. F. Samuel of Kentucky, has been rejected until the directors determine whether to reject him also.

that it will have a California man for vice, preferably Shorb of Los Angeles. Director-General, however, has the right of nomination. To force him to elect Mr. Shorb the directors may, it is said, reject all other nominations for the post with a view to forcing the Director-General's hand.

To effect this, the commission has it in its mind to make things very unpleasant for

California Patents.
Hazard & Townsend report the complete list of all the patents

st 18:
id pressure brake, E. B. Dennison,
Grove.
balance, J. P. Magney, Oakland.
vice for utilizing wave force, William
olland, Los Angeles.
ness, J. R. Phelps, Sacramento.
orted tooth for saws, W. J. Rodgers
l. Howe, Laurel.

chine for shaking liquids, P. D. Schroe-
san Francisco.
omotive, Paul Selle, San Francisco.
uch, F. M. Simmonds, San Francisco.
indow chair, E. T. Steeu, San Fran-
nit pitter, William Stevenson, as-
sor of one-half to L. Sanguinetti, Valle-
and D. Baratine, Murphy.

Baking Powder Conspiracy.
disreputable method of advertising a
ing powder came to light in an Ohio
a few days ago. It seems a band of
eo go from house to house, wherever
can gain entrance, as they say to test
ng powders. They carry along samples

It was shown that the so-called "testers" were in the employ of a certain baking company, and that the parties in practicing such deceptions upon other individuals or upon consumers, in order to sell their own goods, were amenable to the law notwithstanding such conspiracies.

1940



1

THE POSTMASTERSHIP.

Van Dusen of the East Side
the Recommendee.

THE CONTEST ENDED FOR NOW

The ex-Councilman Agreed Upon
as the Result of a Compromis-
e—A Hotly-contested
Fight.

The postoffice fight was compromised yesterday afternoon by Congressman Bowers telegraphing the fight and the name of H. V. Van Dusen, ex-Councilman from the First Ward, for the place.

The contest has been one of the most hotly contested in the history of Los Angeles politics, and the final result was a complete surprise to everyone, as Mr. Van Dusen's name was not even mentioned in connection with the place until a day before he was decided upon, and it was not generally known until after the telegram recommending him had been sent to Washington.

On August 3 Postmaster Green died and almost immediately the fight for the position began. H. J. Shoulters, present deputy postmaster, was first in the field, and Charles Green, son of the dead postmaster, who came from San Francisco and was the death of Shoulters, while here, with the statement that he wanted Shoulters to have the place, as "an endorsement of his father's administration." Mayor Hazard also took up Shoulters' cause, and worked for him from the first. In the course of a day or two, however, Police Commissioner Thomas A. Lewis entered the field, besides numerous other candidates, and the contest waxed warm. Among those who were mentioned more or less prominently were A. W. Francisco, Capt. J. L. Skinner, Col. E. Dunkelberger, Maj. E. W. Jones, Gen. H. G. Rollins, ex-Captain Clerk J. M. Meredith, H. M. Pitt, and others. The name of E. Farnum of Pasadena. The name of L. E. Mosher was also mentioned, but at no time was he a candidate, nor did he ever authorize any one to place him in the race as a candidate.

It was generally understood that the endorsement of Congressman Bowers was necessary to secure the place, as by courtesy he would be allowed to name the man. There was nothing of interest until Mr. Bowers arrived in the city, when it was ascertained that he had a very strong leaning for Shoulters. The fight at this time had really narrowed down between Shoulters and Lewis, and the latter was the leading man of the party in this city. Mr. Bowers insisted that the office should go to an old soldier, or at least to one of the ex-soldiers he gave for not supporting Mr. Lewis, and it looked as though Shoulters would get the place. In the meantime, however, Senator Felton arrived in the city, by invitation, to look over harbor matters, and the facts of the case were laid before him. Mr. Bowers was also in the city at the time, and several conferences were held. Mr. Bowers at one time agreed to drop Shoulters, but changed his mind, and continued to urge the appointment of Shoulters. Senator Felton finally declared himself, and told the Congressman in so many words that while he was willing to concede him the appointment, he could not have Shoulters on account of the known objections to him, and that if he persisted in this course, he would oppose his appointment, and at least defeat his confirmation.

In the face of the Senator's emphatic ultimatum, Mr. Bowers could do nothing. In the meantime, Mr. Lewis's friends were pushing his case, and backed as he was by some of the strongest men in the party, it was thought that Mr. Bowers could be induced to recommend him. This, however, he refused to do, thrusting his own personal dislikes into the scale, and professing his anxiety that the place be given to an old soldier, and endeavoring to have the objections to Shoulters withdrawn. In this latter point he was unsuccessful, Senator Carpenter, Henry C. Gage and other prominent men who had been making Mr. Lewis's fight from the beginning, insisted that this would not do, that for certain reasons the appointment of Shoulters was out of the question; that he not only had no claim upon the place, but it would be against the law to give it to him. These gentlemen were as determined on that side as the Congressman was on his, and after several days of the contest, compromise was finally effected, by which Mr. Van Dusen was agreed upon.

Mr. Van Dusen's political career in Los Angeles has been confined to one term in the City Council. He was, however, for eight years in the postal service at Washington, where he held a responsible position. He is an old soldier and lost an arm during the war; and while not the best man who could have been selected from the strong list of candidates, it is hoped that, if appointed, he will make a good officer.

A BRACING CLIMATE.

How an Editor was Benefited by a Change of Air.

We are in receipt of letters every week from parties in the East asking about business, the climate, chances, etc. There are some good things about this country, and we don't deny that there are some bad ones. The better way is to come out and personally investigate. As far as the climate is concerned we declare it the best on earth. Our own case is a proof of what it can do. We arrived in this town three years ago with one lung gone, lame in both knees, dead broke for cash, and having a cough on us which made everybody think a thunderstorm was coming up when we let loose. Our eyes were so bad we couldn't see a dime Indian fifty feet away, and our hearing had run down until a man would have had to ask us four times to drink with him before we could have suspected what was up.

The first three nights we slept under a wagon on K Street, and we were distinctly reminded of old Bill Parker kicking us across the street when we asked him to lend us a dime to buy breakfast. Old Bill is dead now. We took somewhat of an active part in his hanging. Today we are the richest and healthiest man in the county. Feel like a Texas steer all the time, and have got a hole full of money. Before the climate took hold of us anybody could boot us around and slap our jaws. The worst was one day, and since that time we have shot men and discouraged about fifty others. The man who kicks us has got to be chain lightning. We lead the social whirl, will shortly be elected mayor, and whatever we say goes. Gradually, as the climate has affected and developed us, we have introduced the style of eating with a fork, wearing white shirts and encouraging Chicago laundries, and we are considered authority on grammar, prize-fights, ancient history, poetry, the business outlook, and the grizzly bear.

THE GERANIUM DID IT.

How a Dear Little Flower Saved a Woman's Life.

The father and brother of a dear little woman died of consumption, and she firmly believed that she would follow them with the same dread disease. She had a friend who believed the invalid had inherited her mother's stronger constitution, and if she could only be aroused, and the idea banished from her mind that she would soon die, she might be a well woman. Arguments were in vain, and as the friend was going away for several years, she gave a geranium to the dear little woman, with the request that she would take care of it, and that she would work out in the garden through the spring and summer two hours a day. "I might as well do it," said the invalid, "for I shall not live but a few weeks or months at the longest."

Very feeble was her first attempt at gardening, and she would often say on coming in, "I shall die now, anyway." But the next day found her out again. The geranium was cared for, and gradually other plants were added. She became very much interested in gardening, and her mind was taken up reading the many good floral magazines, and in caring for her flowers. In the winter a bay window was full of blooming plants. It is now three years since she began this new cure, and it has worked wonders. She is a healthy, happy woman now, and says that "women stay in the house too much, are afraid of their clothes, and the tight lacing makes them short-breathed, and then they say, 'we are not strong enough to work in a garden.'" Shut up the pill-boxes and throw away the bottles. Breathe the fresh air and take your medicine at the end of a light hot-bath, and see if you don't save doctor's bills.

ANOTHER SWINDLE.

FAILURE OF A PHILADELPHIA
"FAKE" CONCERN.

The Manager Absconds with the Funds—The Los Angeles Agent Says He Is Among the Victims.

Yesterday morning a young woman called on Chief Glass and stated that she had been swindled. She told him that two months ago she had been approached by two men as agents representing themselves as agents of the Rice Wright Custom Clothing and Merchandise Company of Philadelphia. They called upon her, when the agent represented that by depositing \$15 at the rate of \$1 per week she would receive \$35 worth of clothing as soon as the \$15 was paid in. She said that she went into the scheme, and had paid \$10. The office of the local agent, she said, was in the New Wilson Block, and when she called yesterday morning to make her regular payment she was told that the head man of the concern at Philadelphia had absconded, and the scheme was off. The lady exhibited her receipts, contracts, etc., but the Chief told her that he could do nothing for her, as the case did not come under his jurisdiction.

Last evening August 23, Cummings, the local agent of the concern, called at the Times office to disclaim any intention of wrongdoing on his part. It was true, he said, that the concern had failed, on account of the manager absconding, but he had done everything he could to protect those who had gone into it. He received a telegram from his father telling him of the absconding of Wright, and he had refused to receive any more money. He had sent \$100 to the home office on August 7. On the 19th he received a telegram from Wright telling him to send \$100 to Washington. He did not do so, as only the initials were signed to the dispatch. The following day he received a telegram telling him of the break, and he promptly wired the Chief of Police to Philadelphia, where he was. Wright could be found. Cummings says he is by far the heaviest loser in the city himself, and he regrets the matter as much as anyone, as he went into it as a legitimate business. Cummings had several copies of the Philadelphia Times containing an account of the failure, one of which is as follows:

"A number of persons are anxiously awaiting the return of Rice Wright, head of the United States Clothing and Merchandise Company, whose headquarters are at 1240 North Twenty-Fifth street. The advertisements of this company state that anyone wishing to procure an extra fine suit of clothing can do so by paying their \$1 per week for fifteen weeks, and the advertiser will be given the individual on any firm he may desire, for merchandise or clothes to the amount of \$35, the person receiving goods worth over twice as much as he paid for them."

The scheme was looked upon favorably by quite a number of people, who immediately began to pay their dollar-earned dollars to Rice Wright. When the latter person thought he had enough money he quietly left town, and his dupes now mourn his departure and the loss of their money. "Five of the duped customers were before Magistrate Wilhere yesterday and swore out warrants for the arrest of the man. They were Sam Cox, Maggie Cox, Lizzie Roberts, Sally Snyder and Herbert Leigh."

It is not known how many victims there are in this city, but as Cummings did a large business they are probably numerous.

GROWTH OF OUR LANGUAGE.

Wonderful Advances Have Been Made Since Dr. Johnson's Time.

The dictionary of the Anglo-Saxon tongue has grown wonderfully since Dr. Johnson's time. "Webster's International Dictionary" contains many thousands of words that are not to be found in the vocabulary of the great English lexicographer, and a considerable proportion of these words apply to new discoveries, arts and processes, to which it was absolutely necessary to give distinguished names. The nomenclature of science has been immensely extended within the last fifty years; and although some of the new terms are rather far-fetched and, except to classical scholars, obscure, many of them are so apt and significant that we can all understand their meaning. Whenever plain and simple words of Saxon derivation will apply, the New York Ledger thinks they ought to have the preference, even in scientific technology, over those of Greek or Latin origin. Information for the people should be couched, whenever possible, in language which the great body of the people can easily comprehend. It certainly should not be necessary for a boy to be versed in the dead languages in order to understand his own.

It has been said that the languages which most readily welcome the terms that advance knowledge, are those that are likely to endure the longest, and spread the most extensively. If this theory is true our own tongue has the best chance of becoming universal, and it may reasonably be supposed that "the English man" will pronounce his vocabulary in English.

As it rains in Arizona, Hon. Samuel Hughes of Tucson thus describes a thunderstorm that visited his section last Saturday: "I saw the skies looking peculiar, and noticed two great clouds, one over the Santa Catalinas east of me, the other over the Tucson Mountains to my west, forming a line from the Catalinas to the mountains, and extending toward a certain point between Nine Mile Water Hole and the Point of Mountain ranch. When they met the floods of the heavens were turned loose. It did not take long to fall, but it was a just one solid sheet of water reaching from the sky to the earth, lasting half an hour. The water spread around that part of the country and left it covered for miles, a shallow lake. A party on horseback from the town the next day that they had ridden through six or seven miles of water from three inches to a foot and a half deep. The clouds finally parted, one going towards Casa Grande, the other towards Florence."

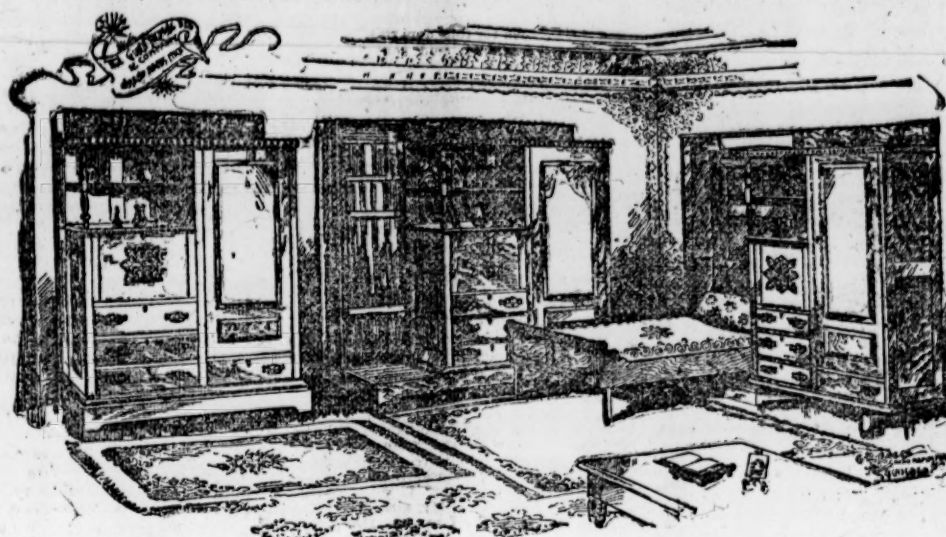
James Russell Lowell, when lecturing to the classes at Harvard University a quarter of a century ago, was wont to profess his remarks with the words: "Gentlemen and fellow-students." Many a Harvard graduate today remembers the grateful encouragement those four words engendered.

Prof. W. B. Rising of the State University and State analyst, says that "the Royal Baking Powder has a greater leavening power than any other of which he has knowledge." This makes it the most economical, as it is also the purest.

THE GUNN FOLDING BED

W. S. ALLEN, Agent for Los Angeles.

The only combination bed that a lady can operate with ease; that will not wear out carpets; that leaves the cabinet and mirror in front when the bed is down. An invitation extended to all to see this bed.



Also agent for the Imperial and Mantel Folding Beds. I have the largest stock of Carpets in the city, the nicest selected stock of Furniture, and at the lowest prices. Our Shade and Curtain Department is complete. If you want to save money, get our prices before purchasing. In some of our lines we can give you very extra inducements to close patterns. Freight paid on all country orders.

W. S. ALLEN'S Furniture and Carpet Rooms 332-334 S. Spring.

An Old Friend.
(New York Press.)

"Every time I visit the library I see that man. He sits there reading day after day and seems to do nothing else."

"Let us take a good look at him."

"What for?"

"Perhaps he is 'Constant Reader' who writes for the newspapers."

A business man in Michigan advertises by sending a \$1 bill up in a paper balloon every evening, the money becoming the property of the finder.

W. S. ALLEN'S Furniture and Carpet Rooms 332-334 S. Spring.

AXMINSTERS, WILTONS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY, MOQUETTES, INGRAINS.

We Call Especial Attention to Our Double Width Velvets.

RUGS: ORIENTAL, TURKISH, PERSIAN, AND SMYRNA. ISPAHAN AND KENSINGTON ART SQUARES.

A large variety of all Sizes.

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Of every kind and quality. Mattresses, Blankets, Comforts and Pillows. Hammocks and all kinds of Lawn and Porch Chairs. Lace Curtains and Silk Curtains, Portiers, Shades and Coverings. We have the largest, newest and best assorted stock and are prepared to name the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

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THE WORLD'S FAIR CO., 129 S. SPRING ST.

Capital Stock - \$100,000

HON. H. T. HAZARD, Mayor of Los Angeles, President J. J. SCHALLERT, President Citizens' Ice Co., Vice-President A. D. CHILDRRESS, President City Bank, Treasurer J. S. SALKIN, Parian Clerk and Sult Co., Secretary J. E. LEBEL, Sec. Columbian Exposition and Exhibit Co., Chicago Director HON. J. J. GOSPER, General Manager

This corporation is organized for the purpose of enabling the people to visit the World's Fair in 1893 by gradual accumulation of savings at the rate of \$1.50 per week. The Company will guarantee first-class tickets to and from Chicago at any time during the continuance of the World's Fair, furnish meals en route both ways, good hotel accommodations for six days at Chicago, six admission tickets to the World's Fair grounds, two tickets to any first-class theater, free bus to and from depot to hotel at Chicago. Also guarantee to furnish membership certificate of the Columbian Exposition Information Bureau, who will have uniformed officers at depots to receive you, conduct you to your hotel, look after your baggage, and will furnish you with all necessary information concerning the World's Fair. For further particulars inquire at the office of the Company.

129 S. SPRING ST., Upstairs. HON. J. J. GOSPER, GENERAL MANAGER. Refer by permission to the Farmers and Merchants Bank, First National Bank, Citizens Bank and City Bank, Custodians of Funds.

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BOILERS, ENGINES, DRILLING, ROPES, PIPE, Etc., Etc.

EASTERN MADE DRILLING TOOLS

The only Establishment on the Pacific Coast that can furnish everything connected with Drilling or Pumping Oil Wells.

SANTA PAULA HARDWARE COMPANY, Santa Paula, Ventura County, Cal.

\$1,000 REWARD.

Is offered for any case of Blood Disease or Liver and Kidney trouble, Old Sores, Ulcers, Swellings, Eruptions of the Skin, etc., which Dr. Bell's New Medical Discovery will not help or cure. We hereby challenge the whole medical profession to produce a remedy that has such marvellous healing, strengthening, pain-relieving and blood-purifying qualities and powers like Dr. Bell's wonderful New Medical Discovery. It is perfectly pure vegetable and absolutely harmless. Five hundred dollar reward is also offered to any chemist who will find on analysis of 100 bottles of this wonderful blood medicine any mercury, potassium or any other poison. For sale only at the old reliable

BERLIN DRUG STORE, 505 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal. Branch office, 99 South Beach, Santa Monica.

STEELWATER PIPE, STEEL BOILERS—For Sale

J. D. HOOKER & CO, Los Angeles.

PIONEER TRUCK CO., NO 3 MARKET STREET. Piano, Furniture and Safe Moving. Baggage and Freight delivered promptly and dress. Telephone 137.

THE W. H. PERRY Lumber and Manufacturing Co.'s LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILLS. Commercial St. Los Angeles

"VULCAN" Ice and Refrigerating Machinery, For Ice Making and Cold Storage of all kinds. CHILDS & WALTON, Agents, 118 SOUTH MAIN ST.

MARCO HELLMAN, District Insurance Manager. Now ready to make appointments, accept applications and risks, solicit business and to all matters pertaining to insurance in the entire district of Southern California and Arizona Territory. In case of loss all adjustments made by me. Correspondence solicited. Union Assurance Society of London, established 1714. General American Company of London, established 1834.

MARCO HELLMAN, District Insurance Manager, 124 South Main St., Los Angeles, Cal. P. O. Box 2600. Tel. 51.

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TEMPTING BARGAINS

FOR LITTLE MONEY.

Closing Days of the Great Midsummer Sale

Bring Attractive Bargains.

FOR \$5, LADIES!

We will Dress your feet up in the very daintiest and finest kind of Footwear. French Kids, patent leather tips, hand sewed, hand turned, the creme de la creme of Fine Shoes, all at the uniform price of \$5.00 a pair; worth \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00. The same goods that sell in San Francisco from \$6.00 to \$10.00 a pair, we are closing out at \$5.00. It will pay you, ladies, to buy these fine shoes AT ONCE. You may not need them right away, but you will never again meet so attractive a bargain.

NOW A WORD AS TO SLIPPERS!

DO YOU WANT A BARGAIN?

THEN COME IN AND SEE OUR DISPLAY

Handsomely wine-colored Oxfords at \$1.50 a pair

Beautiful kid patent leather tip Oxfords at \$1.75 a pair

Magnificent beauties in Patent Leather at \$2.00 a pair

Children's Ties, neat and durable at 75c a pair

We are making a great hit in our \$2.50 Men's Calf Shoe, Greatest on earth.

LEWIS, THE ORIGINATOR OF LOW PRICES

201 N. SPRING ST.

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Voluntary Testimonials

GIVEN TO

DR. WOH,

The Eminent Chinese Physician.

Herbs and Medicines of Absolute Purity constantly on hand and for sale.

No Opium or Poisonous Drugs are used in my Practice.

Dr. Woh's life work has been from early youth one of persistent and untiring observation, study and investigation, as fully as lay in his power to perfect himself in all branches of the art of healing human sickness and disease. Born in China, of influential parents, of a family whose ancestors have been for generations deservedly renowned as leading physicians, Dr. Woh naturally followed in the footsteps of his father, in China he has practiced his profession for several years, being at one time a physician in the Imperial Hospital, and in America for a long time his great number of patients, his wonderful and many cures, and the great list of letters from grateful and thankful patrons now prove him to be a remarkable and successful healer of sickness and all diseases.

For many years I have been troubled with lung disease, which finally ended in asthma, emphysema, causing fearful headaches and vertigo, making my life one of misery. I tried and paid the best physicians without relief. Finally, to please my friend, I visited Dr. Woh at his office and he advised with me and gave me medicines. This was but six weeks ago. Today I can gladly and sincerely say that he has entirely cured me.

MRS. F. WESSEL, 525 Boyd St., Los Angeles, Cal.

April 3d, 1891. For 3 years I have been troubled with terrible cramps and pains in my abdomen, and with dreadful swellings of my feet and limbs. I endeavored in every way to find relief but failed, until four weeks ago I began using Dr. Woh's medicine. Now an perfectly well and cured of a sickness of three years standing. I do recommend Dr. Woh to all my sick friends.

CHARLES HELLMANN, 511 N. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

May 1st, 1891. I have tried many doctors for heart disease but have not benefited until Dr. Woh, the Chinese physician, of Los Angeles City, prescribed for me. Two months ago I began his treatment and can now certify that he has done me great good. I recommend Dr. Woh to my friends as an able doctor.

P. F. KING, Justice of the Peace, Burbank, Cal.

May 4th, 1891. Dr. Woh has hundreds of similar testimonials, but space alone prevents further publication of them here.

Dr. Woh is the oldest and best-known Chinese Physician in Southern California. His many cures have been remarkable, involving Female Troubles, Tumors and every form of disease.

Free consultations will be regarded as strictly confidential.

Free consultation to every one and all are cordially invited to call upon Dr. Woh at his office.

227 SOUTH MAIN STREET bet. Second and Third sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

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THE PRESIDENT.

He Again Crosses the State Line into Vermont.

Pleasant Stops and Short Speeches Along the Route.

A Short Ride on Seward Webb's Yacht on Lake Champlain.

Arrival at St. Albans—Twelve Thousand People Assemble to Greet Him—Address in the Public Square.

By Telegram to The Times.

WHITEHALL (N. Y.), Aug. 25.—[By the Associated Press.] President Harrison and party left Saratoga at 8:30 this morning on a special train. At Fort Edward and Dresden short stops were made, and the President addressed the people at each place. The train stopped here a few minutes.

There was assembled here a company of Union veterans, who had stopped while on their way to the reunion at Dresden. The President stood on the platform of the car and made them a speech, which was received with much enthusiasm. At the conclusion of the remarks the veterans struggled with one another to get the President's hand. The journey was then continued, and when the State line was reached Gen. Peck welcomed the President in behalf of Gov. Fairbanks. The President was introduced and proceeded to make a few remarks. The journey was resumed. When the train stopped at Castleton a crowd composed of the pupils of the Normal school and a large number of women greeted the President, who responded in a happy speech.

GREETINGS ALONG THE WAY. BURLINGTON (Vt.), Aug. 25.—When the train bearing the President reached Fairhaven he made a short speech complimenting the inhabitants of the place on their thrift and obedience to the laws. He dwelt at some length on the prosperity that must certainly be the lot of a community whose citizens are careful to obey the laws of the country and ready at all times to defend them. The speech was continually interrupted by applause.

At Castleton the President made a short talk on the "New England school teacher," who, he asserted, was one of the most influential characters in the history of the United States. "They have given to the New England to all parts of the country," he said. "They have used their influence in the communities to which they went and have impressed upon their pupils lessons of self respect, love for free institutions and social order. Could we trace the slender thread of influence they wield to their great results we would have higher thoughts of the power and dignity of these pioneers of education."

At Brandon the President was showered with bouquets of handsome flowers, thrown by young ladies and school children of the town. He made a short, impromptu, characteristic speech in which he thanked them for the flowers and other evidences of the sincerity of their kind reception. At Middlebury the President made another speech in which he spoke of the great pleasure he derived from making their acquaintance. Gov. Stewart also spoke in eulogistic terms of Middlebury College.

At Vergennes the President made a laughing complaint. "I have had," said he, "some experience in the business of speaking from the end of a railroad train, but this morning it has seemed to me that the people of this town are closer together than on any route I have yet traveled."

After the laughter at this complaint had somewhat subsided, the President made a most interesting oration on the origin of Vergennes and the part history of Vermont. Loud applause greeted almost every sentence.

Burlington was reached about 1 o'clock. Senator Edmunds, Mayor Hazleton, Seward Webb and a committee of citizens met the President and party, which was driven at once to the residence of Senator Edmunds, where luncheon was served. After luncheon the party was taken to the public square, where the President was introduced by Mayor Hazleton. After an address the President embarked on Seward Webb's yacht, the Elfrida, for Maquam, on the eastern shore of Lake Champlain, which place was reached about 6:30. A special train met the party here and proceeded to St. Albans.

ARRIVAL IN ST. ALBANS.

ST. ALBANS (Vt.), Aug. 25.—The Presidential party on its arrival here was taken in carriages to ex-Gov. Smith's house, which was brilliantly lighted with Chinese lanterns. The whole town was decorated and thousands of visitors here. After dinner the President was escorted to the Weldon House, which fronts upon St. Albans Park. About 12,000 people were massed in the park, which was illuminated by 20,000 Chinese lanterns. The President was introduced to the assembly by E. C. Smith. The President's speech was short. After referring to the unjust trade restrictions and excessive importations on the colonies in early days, he said: "It is time for a market was never more general or strenuous than now among all nations of the world, though not pushed by bloodshed."

Continuing, he said that Americans ought to send their products to foreign markets by methods of peaceful and profitable interchange. He then referred to the probable increase of the grain crop in this country and the delicacies of the crops in France, Russia, England, Germany and India, and said Americans will probably be enabled to sell their grain to great advantage.

The President was cheered frequently and a "Good" was given. The President leaves here tomorrow.

THE NEW YORK DISASTER.

Fifty-two Bodies thus far Recovered from the Ruins.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—[By the Associated Press.] Two bodies were recovered from the ruins in Park place this morning. They were identified as William H. Ellis, of Ellis & McDonald, and Frederick W. Trippie, proprietor of a drug store in the ill-fated building.

The Italian laborer caught robbing bodies yesterday was sentenced to the penitentiary for six months today.

Insurance companies interested in the Park place disaster held a meeting today and appointed a committee to make exhaustive inquiry into the

causes of the calamity. The committee was instructed not to admit any liability.

Two more bodies were identified this morning. They proved to be those of Adam Dohren and Abraham Derstopp-ske. By 10:45 five more bodies were disclosed, but they could not be reached because of the heavy machinery on top of them. The coroner after investigating said there were not less than twenty persons buried under the restaurant. The police think there were fifty corpses in the cellar. That would make a total of ninety killed.

Today it was stated the catastrophe is thought to have been caused by explosion of naphtha or some other explosive matter. At a late hour tonight the total number of bodies exhumed from the debris had reached fifty-two and several more have been identified.

EMPLOYERS' RIGHTS.

Convention of Those Who Oppose Trades Union Tyranny.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 25.—[By the Associated Press.] G. L. Davis presided today over 300 manufacturers who met today to organize an association of employers for resistance to the encroachments of trades unions. The following directors were elected: E. M. Herrick, shipowner; Oscar Lewis, iron manufacturer; A. Rollins, printer; James Carlick, box manufacturer; W. W. Miller, planing mill; Albert Dornham, shoe manufacturer; J. B. Stetson, president of the California Street Railroad Company; Henry Bingham, stovemaker; W. L. Merry, packer.

The organization will extend its jurisdiction all over the State and will ally itself with similar organizations in other States. Extraordinary powers are lodged in the board of directors, which shall act for the association. The constitution provides that no member shall withdraw without having given sixty days' notice. The monthly dues are \$2.50 and the association will meet whenever called by the directors. The association declares that it is not opposed to trades unions and recognizes their right to organize in their own defense, and employers will not trespass on that right by refusing employment to any one because of belonging to such an organization, but the association reserves the right to say whom they shall, or shall not, employ.

IRELAND'S FRIENDS.

A CONVENTION CALLED TO MEET IN CHICAGO.

President Fitzgerald of the League Issues an Address-The Factional Fight Handled in a Glibly Fashion.

By Telegram to The Times.

LINCOLN (Neb.), Aug. 25.—[By the Associated Press.] John Fitzgerald, president of the Irish National League of America, issued an address today calling for a convention at Chicago October 1 next. The call says in part that the present lamentable condition of affairs in Ireland and the falling off of Irish American support as a direct result of dissensions in the ranks of the parliamentary party, are reasons enough to induce lovers of the cause to come together to devise measures to overcome difficulties. It has been deemed expedient to go beyond the limits of the Irish National League of America and invite the cooperation of all lovers of the Irish cause. To this end every existing branch of the Irish National League of America will be entitled to one delegate, every twenty-five members, and all other societies and organizations will be allowed one delegate for every twenty-five persons, who, between now and the 25th of October, shall subscribe \$10 to the funds of the league.

Further, every individual who has since the last convention, contributed at one time \$25 through the national treasurer, who shall have done so before the 25th of October, shall be entitled to the privileges of a delegate.

The objects of the convention are in substance to examine into the present and past relations between the league in America and the leaders of the national movement, with a view to placing them on a better and more satisfactory basis; to revise and amend the constitution; to pledge once more inviolable fidelity to the cause of Irish liberty and adopt such measures in support thereof as may be considered wise and justifiable. All who have the cause of Ireland at heart are earnestly requested to make this convention not only a success, but a historic landmark in the progress of the Irish movement.

"The time has come," says the address, "when we should prove to the world that our moral courage is not inferior to the physical bravery our race has ever displayed on the battlefield. No obstacles or temporary political defects can frighten us from the path our fathers trod before us. We should not abandon the grand old organization which has rendered such valuable aid in the Irish cause during the past ten years to embrace a newly formed association resulting from factional differences and not representing a united and progressive Irish nation."

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 25.—The national camp of the Patriotic Order of Sons of America opened here this morning. The business of the camp today was mainly in the line of organization for the work it has in hand.

At this afternoon session a hot discussion of the color question took place; it was unexpectedly precipitated by a resolution asking the passage of a floor for the president of a colored camp of this city, which was excluded from the national organization by a change in the wording of the constitution in the order to white persons. After much wrangling the resolution which is for an amendment to the constitution excluding the term "white" was made the special order for tomorrow.

Fire on Mt. Hamilton.

SAN JOSE, Aug. 25.—Another big fire has been raging on Mt. Hamilton since Sunday. It started near Smith's Creek and burned all around Mt. Isabella. It is now going towards San Felipe Valley, where all buildings on the ranch of Robert Morrow of San Francisco are located. There is no danger to the observatory.

An Athlete's Story Denied.

BOSTON, Aug. 25.—Vice-President Reinhardt of the Athlete, Topeka and Santa Fé denies the report that the company intends to construct a line to San Francisco; neither is it spending any money for purchase of lands for such purpose.

HIPPOLYTE'S DOINGS.

THE RULER OF HAYTI FINDS A DEFENDER.

Charges of Bloodthirsty Tyranny Denied—He Resorted to Vigorous Measures to Save the Land from Anarchy.

By Telegram to The Times.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—[By the Associated Press.] The correspondent of the Associated Press at Port-au-Prince writing under date of August 15, quotes acting United States Minister Terres as saying: "There is absolutely no foundation for the statements that Hippolyte or his government has acted in the outrageous manner represented in the United States papers during July. Terres believes that Hippolyte is sincere in his desire to do right, but will not tolerate the slightest attempt to weaken his authority. Of course, he is not angel, and it will probably never be known how far he was justified in his course of May 28. Certain it is, if he had been assassinated, the city would have been in flames in less than half an hour. Probably one thousand persons would have lost their lives; looking back upon the past, however, and heaven only knows what the end would have been."

According to Terres, the bloodthirstiness and maniacal outbreaks attributed to Hippolyte from time to time have no place in his nature. Assurances are given by diplomats and business men that until the affair of May 28 the government had been extraordinarily patient. Full liberty of the press has been repaid with gratuitous criticisms and misrepresentations. When there began to be indications of open defiance Hippolyte gave warning that he proposed to take severe measures to uphold his authority. The miscontents are now proving that they can be very quiet.

The publication of a pamphlet by John Metzger, American Consul at Gonaive, on the "American Question in Hayti," has aroused much attention. The charges against A. D. Guérard, Lieut. Hughes and others are very grave. Metzger, in an interview, said that outrageous methods were resorted to by our Government in its dealings with Hayti on the question of the seizure of the "Our State Department knows," he said, "that the Haytian constitution expressly forbids the leasing or occupation of Haytian territory by an alien power. Had the question been submitted in a courteous way to the Haytian cabinet, the interests which would have been served would have been discussed and the people would have been educated into final acquiescence."

The correspondent says that while affairs are now tranquil, it is true that there is much uncertainty as to the future. The city is garrisoned by 3000 troops, and Hippolyte is confident he can crush any outbreak.

Church Controversy in Court.

CHAMBERSBURG (Pa.), Aug. 25.—Judge Stewart today decided that, in the suit between the liberal and radical factions of the Church of United Brethren in Christ over the adoption of the new constitution at the general conference in 1889, the majority must not be two-thirds of all members of the society, but a majority of all those voting; that all action of the general conference regarding the adoption of the new constitution was regular and in full accordance with the powers delegated it. The radicals will take the case to the Supreme Court.

Left his Affairs Much Involved.

OMAHA, Aug. 25.—Today's developments indicate that the financial affairs of Clark Woodman, who was found dead in the Grand Pacific Hotel in Chicago, are in a most chaotic state. Attorneys for the United States National Bank brought suit against the Woodman-Ritchie Company to recover \$30,000 on a promissory note long past due. The elevator on North Seventeenth street is now in the hands of the sheriff. It is understood that other suits for large amounts will be brought in a day or two.

Kelly "Slides."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—The peace conference between representatives of the National League and American Association began today. After an all-evening session, the meeting broke up in a most unsatisfactory way. Disputes had been resolved in the evening announcing that Mike Kelly had jumped his contract with the Boston (Association) team and joined the League. This will have the effect of breaking up the pending negotiation for the time being, at least, and probably indefinitely.

Resigned His Office.

DENVER (Colo.), Aug. 25.—It is announced that President Moffatt of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway, has forwarded his resignation to the board of directors at New York. To an Associated Press reporter Mr. Moffatt this evening said he resigned because he was not in accord with the recently adopted policy of the directors in attempting to manage the details of business from New York.

Brewers in Session.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 25.—At the meeting of the National Brewers' Union today, committee reports were received. It was decided to establish a reserve fund for the purpose of organizing new unions and to support boycotts. The report that the Pacific Slope Union is seeking admission into the national organization seems to be erroneous, as that union is still fighting the older union.

Hunged to a Tree.

GAINESVILLE (Fla.), Aug. 25.—Yesterday Andy Ford, partner of the famous Alvin Murray, had a preliminary examination. It was proved that he was the man who assisted Murray in various evil deeds in the neighborhood. Late last night a mob overcame the jailors, took Ford out and hanged him to a tree.

Killed for Defending His Orchard.

CLEVELAND (O.), Aug. 25.—Egbert Kingsbury died this evening from the effects of a fracture of the skull, caused by a stone thrown by one of a gang of rowdies whom he drove out of his apple orchard.

Fire on Mt. Hamilton.

SAN JOSE, Aug. 25.—Another big fire has been raging on Mt. Hamilton since Sunday. It started near Smith's Creek and burned all around Mt. Isabella. It is now going towards San Felipe Valley, where all buildings on the ranch of Robert Morrow of San Francisco are located. There is no danger to the observatory.

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HOTEL del CORONADO

This truly superb establishment is undeniably the most

MAGNIFICENT SUMMER RESORT

IN THE WORLD.

And its attractions embrace such a great diversity of character as to be equally charming both to the invalid and the athlete. Its many in and outdoor amusements and recreations make it to the

Ladies and Children,

A PERFECT PARADISE OF DELIGHT

Sea Bathing

Boating

Fishing

AND

Yachting

Every day in the year

Agency and Information Bureau

208 W. FIRST ST.

In Nadeau Block.

T. D. YEOMANS, Agent.

TO INSURE GOOD HEALTH

DRINK

Coronado Mineral Water.

As a Summer Drink or for Table Use

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

Clear, Sparkling and Delicious.

And its Medicinal Properties make its constant use a positive relief in all disorders of the Kidneys and Bladder.

Kept in Stock and For Sale by

SEYMOUR, JOHNSON & CO.,

ANDERSON & CHASSERON,

BOWEN, EDWARDS & VANCE,

The Leading Grocers.

H. J. WOOLACOTT, KEYSER & CO.,

CALIFORNIA WEST CO., and FRANK MOHR,

Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

F. W. BRAUN & CO.,

Wholesale Drug House.

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WHALEMS MASSACRED.

The Crews of Two Ships Slain in the Arctic.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—[By the Associated Press.] A Washington special says: "A catastrophe is reported by the Treasury Department from the Arctic regions. It is said the crews of two small steam whalers wintering near the mouth of the Mackenzie, about five hundred miles east of Point Barrow, have been massacred by the natives in that region. The steamers are the property of the Pacific Whaling Company and carried sixty men as crews. They were well armed, equipped and provisioned. The whaling crews encamped on land would not be under any such strict discipline as might be enforced on shipboard, and if their intercourse with the natives was offensive they have probably been overpowered by superior numbers."

Missouri Alliance Men.

PERTLE SPRING (Mo.), Aug. 25.—It was 11 o'clock before the Farmers' and Laborers' Union was called to order this morning. President Hall made an address, in which he attacked the sub-treasury and third party movement. The farmers here are now in a bad way, he said, he opposed to class legislation, yet they went to work and asked the establishment of sub-treasuries. He deplored the action taken by other State Alliances in working to make the Government a loan agency.

At the conclusion of his address the convention broke out into wild cheering, the applause indicating that his sentiments were indorsed.

A Mongolian Murder.

FRESNO, Aug. 25.—Men returning today from the middle fork of the Kings River region near the summit of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, bring news that on Sunday, August 16, two Chinamen, herding 4000 sheep belonging to John Shipp, engaged in a quarrel. One stabbed the other and the dead body into the river.

The murderer made his escape, and the sheep were left to themselves. It is said that thousands of dollars' worth of them have been lost beyond recovery. They have been without a herder for ten days.

American Forests Robbed.

DULUTH, Aug. 25.—As a result of the investigating expedition along the Big and Little Fork rivers, sent out by the Government to look into the charges that Government timber has been stolen, it has been decided by the Interior Department to establish permanent Government posts on Rainy River, just south of the international boundary. Fully 20,000,000 feet of lumber are reported stolen by Canadians from American forests in the last three years.

Proctor to Succeed Edmunds.

MONTPELIER (Vt.), Aug. 25.—Hon. Redfield Proctor received a letter from Gov. Page informing him that he would be appointed to the vacancy in the United States Senate caused by the resignation of Edmunds.

The Governor in his letter notifies Secretary Proctor that he proposes to make the appointment on the first day of November next.

Emma Abbott's Wardrobe Sold.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—There was but a small attendance at the sale of Emma Abbott's wardrobe today, and the prices received were miserably small. The property as a whole is valued at \$250,000, and some dresses which it was asserted, were worth \$4000, sold for \$250.



AINAXAB

THE CELEBRATED

EGYPTIAN ELIXIR

FOR THE SKIN.

The immense sale of this well-known and Intimate Elixir is itself the proof of its intrinsic worth. Its great value consists not merely in giving to the skin a brilliant and healthy appearance, but in the genuine and permanent tone, vigor and bloom which nothing but perfect health of the tissues can impart. This remarkable preparation has proven a boon to thousands afflicted with diseases of the skin. Exceedingly pleasant, cooling and effective in its action, so much so that it can be safely used on the skin of a babe just born. It will also cure the most inveterate skin diseases, such as salt rheum, eczema, itch, poison oak, erysipelas, dandruff, diseases of the scalp and blood poison. No one who has once used it will ever be without it. It will make the roughest skin smooth, soft, and velvety. It is guaranteed to be perfectly harmless, containing neither mercury, lead, or other corrosive poisons. In fact the Ainaxab has been so long and thoroughly tested that it is not necessary to say more.

For sale by all Druggists. PRICE, \$1.00

AINAXAB MANUFACTURING CO.,

San Francisco, Cal.

TO INSURE GOOD HEALTH

DRINK

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J. T. SHEWARD,

113-115 North Spring Street.

YOU CAN NEVER DO BETTER!

100 Pieces Strictly All-wool Henrietta,

Full 38 inches wide, usually sold for

40-inch goods, 65 cents per yard; actually worth 90 cents. Doubling and

quadrupling trade in our Dress Goods

Department by letting down the prices.

The Prices Have Taken Another Turn

And down they go in our Cloak Department. Today Ladies' Blazers 80

cents each. They are worth double

for the making. We have increased

our Cloak Stock more than ten-fold

and today we show the most elegant

line of fur-trimmed garments ever

exhibited in this city. Increasing

help, increasing sales. There will be

lively times in our Cloak Department

this fall. Fur-trimmed garments

are all the rage. Old Cloaks

re-trimmed and re-lined.

HOTEL ARCADIA

COWLEY & BAKER

Propos.

SANTA MONICA, CAL.

Unquestionably the most elegant resort on the Coast.

HOUSE supplied with every convenience known to modern hotels. Beautiful bath

rooms! Passenger elevators! Inland salt water swimming pool!

HOT AND COLD SALT BATHS.

Pavilion on beach a la carte where will be served at all times the finest fish dinners

clam oyster, terrapin stew, etc. The cuisine will be the feature of the house.

ONE-HALF USUAL PRICES.

A. W. DUNNING, 455 South Spring Street.

COOPER AND SPIRITS.

WAS THE NOVELIST CONVERTED BY THE FOX SISTERS?

A scene in Dr. Griswold's office at which noted men were present—Answers Through "Spirit Raps"—Which Made a Profound Impression.

The statement by one of the "Fox girls," of Rochester rappings fame, declaring that all the spirit sounds and noises were caused by the cracking of her toe joints, lends me to give an account of a remarkable seance with these three girls at the time they paid their first visit to New York. After perusing it I think the reason will be satisfied, whatever of deception may have been practiced, that the too joint story is an ineffable humbug.

It was in 1880 that the Fox girls came to New York, astounding reports having preceded them of the noisy visitation of the spirits which had literally compelled them to leave their home. Dr. Rufus W. Griswold, the author and critic, occupied rooms at that time in Broadway, between Bleeker and Houston streets. These were on the first floor and held his large and valuable library.

He was an unbeliever in regard to the "rappings," not only so far as any spiritual influences prevailed, but with respect to the production of the sounds themselves, which he pronounced "all trick." It was proposed to invite these girls to meet a number of gentlemen at Dr. Griswold's rooms, where it was expected the "spirits" would be present, and we felt confident of exposing the humbug.

An intelligent audience. The invitation was accepted. At the appointed hour the following gentlemen met in Dr. Griswold's apartments: J. Fenimore Cooper, George Bancroft, W. C. Bryant, the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, Dr. John W. Francis, Dr. E. E. Marcy, John Bigelow and myself. The three Fox girls came promptly. They were seated by a table, but not close enough to touch. The company made a large circle around it, and we all impatiently waited for the performance to begin. Utter incredulity pervaded our little assembly.

A half hour passed and the spirits made no sign. The girls were repeatedly asked how soon they would begin to demonstrate. They replied gravely that the spirits were not under their control; that they had intimated they would be present—that was all they could say.

At length, the girls began to be heard, sounding like slight raps from an electric battery. Questions were at once in order, and Dr. Francis took the floor. His interrogatories were leading ones, and at the end of a few minutes he resigned in favor of Dr. Hawkes, the Fox girls getting the best of it. With Dr. Hawkes, who had been bred a lawyer, things did not flow so smoothly with them, but there were several answers which excited surprise.

I was seated next Mr. Cooper, and I perceived he exhibited much impatience while the questioning was going on. When Dr. Hawkes finished, Cooper exclaimed, "Let me have hold of them." He began accordingly. Here are the questions and answers:

"Some years ago I lost a near relative. Was it a male or a female?"

"A female."

"By a natural death or otherwise?"

"Otherwise."

"Please rap the number of years since the person died."

"INDISPENSIBLE EVIDENCE."

The rappings began. We all listened attentively, counting the number. As it ran from twenty to thirty, from thirty to forty, from forty to fifty, we began to hold our breath. The rappings stopped at fifty-eight. There was some discussion whether it was fifty-seven or fifty-eight, and it was rapped over again at fifty-eight.

I had watched Cooper narrowly. As the raps proceeded he became deadly pale. At the conclusion all eyes were turned on him.

"Gentlemen," said he, "when I was about two years old my sister was killed by being thrown from her horse. The years since then have been correctly rapped."

"Law that Cooper was profoundly affected. This did not, however, stop the proceedings. Mr. Bancroft suggested that the rappings should be transferred to the door by being on one side and Bryant on the other. No question was asked, but the raps came out strong. After some further experiments we adjourned with the feeling that we had not succeeded in 'confounding the Fox girls,' and we agreed that the least said about it the better.

Fenimore Cooper died about eighteen months after this occurrence. Two or three years later I was dining with Mr. Fenimore at the book firm of Lyson & Fenimore, and a near connection of Mr. Cooper's. In the course of conversation he asked me if I knew Cooper had become a confirmed spiritualist before his death. I said I did not. He assured me of the fact, but could not account for it. I told him I believed I could account for it, and I repeated to him what I have now recorded here.—Richard B. Kimball in New York Times.

Dangerous Drugs to Feed With.

History does not go back far enough to show a time when lovely women wasn't putting something in the way of a complexion improver on her face or attempting to change the color of her hair by dyes or bleaches. These practices still survive, and the reckless use of arsenic and ammonia has moved the Chicago Tribune to enter a protest and give a note of warning. The popular belief, says the writer, that arsenic clears the complexion, has led many silly women to kill themselves with it. Small, continued doses. It produces a waxy, ivorylike appearance of the skin during a certain stage of the poisoning, but its terrible after-effects have become well known.

The effects of ammonia upon the complexion are directly the opposite to that of arsenic. A discoloration of the skin of the nose and forehead. This gradually extends over the face until the complexion has a stained, blotched and unsightly appearance. With people who take ammonia into their systems in small doses, as with their water or food, these striking symptoms do not appear so soon. The only effect of the poison that is visible for a time is a general whiteness and sallowness of the complexion.

How the Chinese Preserve Grapes.

They cut a circular piece out of a pumpkin or gourd, making an aperture large enough to admit the hand. The interior is cleaned out, the grapes placed inside and the cover replaced and pressed in firmly. The pumpkins are then put in a cool place, and the grapes retain their freshness for a long time. Careful selection of the pumpkin is requisite, the common field pumpkin, however, being well adapted for the purpose.—Providence Telegram.

BUSINESS.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

LOS ANGELES, AUG. 25, 1891.

A dispatch from New York says: "Baltimore is making a strong effort to obtain a start in canned peaches, both in quality of peaches and attractive prices. Coast cherries, plums and apricots can be spoken of later on. Nothing of moment transpired in raisins for eastern markets. No interest was shown in prunes. Buyers evidently want to inspect the quality this season or have assurances that they will avoid complications in last crop. Opening operations will figure close if drying is up to reported proportions. The feeling in apricots is something steeper and no worse in prices, spot bids selling at 9 1/2 @ 10 1/2."

Money, Stocks and Bonds.

NEW YORK, AUG. 25.—Money—On call, easy; closing offered at 3 1/2 per cent.

PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—3 1/2 @ 6 1/2.

STERLING EXCHANGE—Heavy; 60-day bills, 4 3/4; demand, 4 5/8.

NEW YORK AUG. 25.—The stock market was again active and strong today. The strength kept all the day, and the close was very strong at the highest prices of the day. Government bonds were firm.

NEW YORK STOCKS AND BONDS.

[In the quotations below, where two sets of figures are given, the first refers to the noon quotations, and the last to the closing quotations.]

NEW YORK, AUG. 25.

A. T. & S. F. 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4. Or. Imp. 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4.

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LOS ANGELES MARKETS.

CORN—Quoted at 1.80.

WHEAT—Family extra, 5.15 @ 5.35; superfine, 5.10 @ 5.30.

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